

Dopamine

$[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$

Vinylbenzoic Acid

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Electrochemical Characteristics at Copolymeric Film Electrodes of $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ and Vinylbenzoic Acid Modified with Dopamine

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: $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ vinylbenzoic acid(vba) dopamine
 γ 5 : 2 $1.84 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 5 : 1.68 . GC/p- $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ /vba - dopamine hydroquinone=
 quinone + 2H^+ + 2e^- (pH=7.10) 0.17 V ,
 $(k_{\text{ch}} \Gamma)$ $2.58 \times 10^5 \text{ cms}^{-1}$ 2.41 .
 EQCM - $3.28 \times 10^3 \text{ gmol}^{-1}$.

ABSTRACT : The $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ and vinylbenzoic acid (vba) were electrochemically copolymerized to afford electrodes modified with dopamine to study their properties such as electropolymerization rate, redox process, and electron transfer. The optimum mole ratio of the monomers was 5 : 2, which gave $1.84 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ of rate constant for first order reaction, while the ratio of the substances on the copolymeric film produced was 5 : 1.68. The formal potential produced from the hydroquinone=quinone + 2H^+ + 2e^- reaction at the electrode of GC/p- $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ /vba - dopamine was 0.17 V in phosphate buffer (pH=7.10). The electrocatalytic rate was $2.58 \times 10^5 \text{ cms}^{-1}$; 2.41 times faster than that of non-modified one. The mass change measured by EQCM was $3.28 \times 10^3 \text{ gmol}^{-1}$ which is larger than that of non-modified one.

Keywords : $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$, vinylbenzoic acid, dopamine, electropolymerization, copolymer.

1,2

1977 polyacetylene dop- γ
 ing 5000 Scm^{-1} vinyl
 MacDiamird polyacetylene, polyphenylacetylene,

Dopamine [Ru(v - bpy)₃]²⁺ Vinylbenzoic Acid

poly-1-alkyne poly-cyanoethylene
phenylene, poly-*p*-phenylene sulfide, poly-*p*-phenyleneoxide, polyaniline
polypyrrole, polyfurane, polythiophene
polyselenophene
polycarbazole, polyindole, polyazulene

가 가
3 1981 Murray
4 Ru Fe vinylpyridine
(rectifying behavior)
(bilayer electrode)
5
가
1 NaOH 1.20 V 5
-0.2 1.20 V
5 CV 16
(Struers, Denmark ; 1 μm)
X-Y
Philips(model 8043)
redox
QCA (quartz crystal analyzer : Seiko-EG & G model 917)
1 Millipore Mili Q
(BDH, Hiper solv., England) 4A
tetra-
n-butyl ammonium perchlorate(TBAP ; Fluka)
3 75 48
Dopamine(Aldrich)
EDC
(Aldrich)
[Ru(v - bpy)₃]²⁺
vinylbenzoic acid(vba : Aldrich)

quinone=quinone+2H⁺+2e⁻
pH=7 0.2 -0.3 V
Pt GC [Ru(v - bpy)₃]²⁺
vinylbenzoic acid(vba)

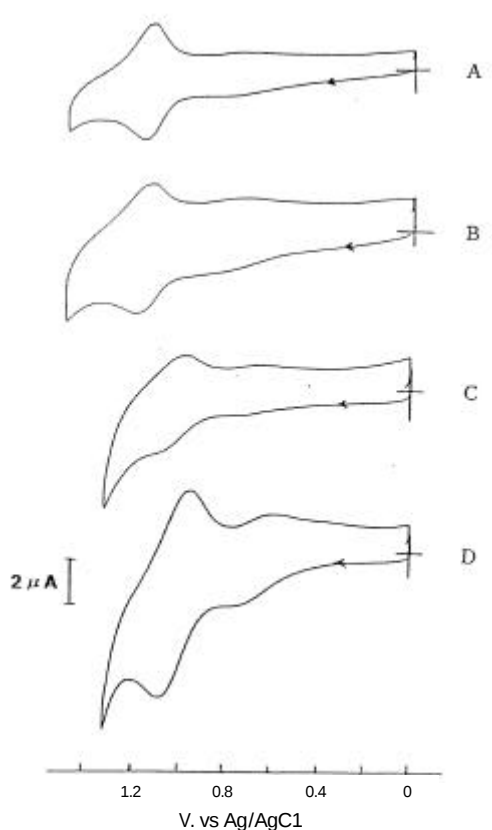


Figure 1. Cyclic voltammograms of GC/p-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba(mole ratio = 5:1)(A), the ratio = 5:2(B) in 0.1 M TBAP/CH₃CN and electrode A(C), electrode B(D) in phosphate buffer(pH=7.10).

[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺ (v-bpy) Deni-
sevich 4 4-
picoline KOH 2 Ar 5 %
Pd/C 72 75 mL 가
30
v-bpy
90 % ethyl
acetate 3 v-bpy
NMR aromatic proton(4H :
δ=8.63 8.30), aromatic proton(2H : δ=7.48
7.22), vinyl proton(3H : δ=6.97 5.53) methyl
group(3H : δ=2.30) [Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺ (PF₆)₂
4,8 Etha-

nol/water=1 : 1 30 N₂
RuCl₃(Aldrich) v-bpy 1 : 3:2
3
NH₄PF₆ 가
diethyl ether
acetone alumina
column 20 %
diethyl ether 가 24
acetone : diethyl ether 1 : 9 2
Pt GC
1.0 M NaOH 1.20 V 5
100 mV/s 5
CV [Ru(v-
bpy)₃]²⁺ vba 5 : 1 5 : 2 CH₃-
CN TBAP
0 1.80 V CV
CV
EQCM QCM(SEIKO EG & G model 917A)
Pt 1.0 mM 가 [Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺
CH₃CN 0.1 M TBAP
vba [Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺
vba 5 : 2

Dopamine [Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba
GC/ [Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba EDC dopamine
10 : 1 30 40
vba -COOH
dopamine -NH₂ 가 EDC
-CONH- 18

dopamine QCM
CV Figure 1A GC/poly-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/
vba 0.1 M TBAP/CH₃CN CV
[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba 5 : 1

Figure 1(B) Figure 1(A) [Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba 가 5 : 2 vba
 . [Ru(v-bpy)₃]^{2+/3+} 가
 1.15 1.13 V vba 0.74
 0.73 V . vba
 [Ru(v-bpy)₃]^{2+/3+} *i*_p 가
 (pH=7.10)
 CV 가 Figure 1(C) Figure 1(D)
 . [Ru(v-bpy)₃]^{2+/3+} vba -
*E*_p 1.08, 0.97 V 0.70,
 0.66 V vba Figure 1(D) 5 : 2
 가 1.08, 0.97 V 0.72,
 0.72 V .
 가 5 : 2 가 - Δ*E*_p
 . Figure 2(A) Figure 1(D)
 dopamine GC/poly-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]^{2+/}
 vba--dopamine CV
 Dopamine [Ru(v-bpy)₃]^{2+/3+}
 7.2 11.0 Acm⁻¹ 가
 hopping
 가 7 8
 18,19
 vba [Ru(v-bpy)₃]^{2+/3+}
 0.66 0.97 V
 0.06 V .
 dopamine vba -
 . Figure 2(B)
 dopamine quinone moiety o-
 quinone+2 H⁺+2 e⁻=o-hydroquinone
 CV
 0.20 V 0.14 V .
 GC/poly-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]^{2+/}/vba--dopamine
 .
 . Figure 3(A) [Ru
 (v-bpy)₃]²⁺ (a), vba (b)
 [Ru(v-bpy)₃]^{2+/}/vba 5 : 2
 (c) .
 1.0 V, 1.50 V,
 1.80 V 600 .
 가 Figure 3(B)
 a, b c Figure 3(A)

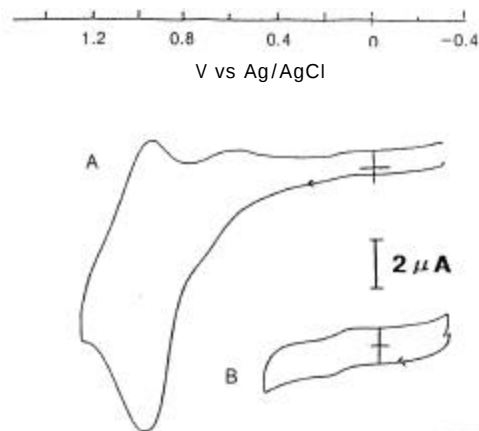


Figure 2. Cyclic voltammograms of GC/p-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba(5:2) modified with dopamine at scan range of - 0.30 to 1.30 V(A), and - 0.3 to 0.60 V(B) in phosphate buffer(pH=7.10).

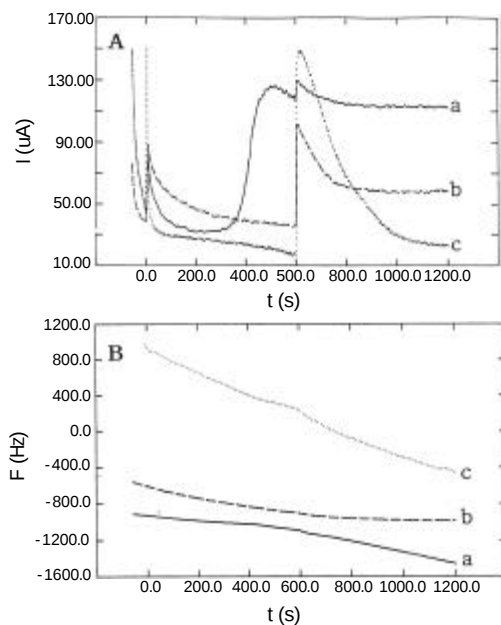


Figure 3. (A) is Chronoamperograms of electropolymerization for (a) [Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺, (b)vba, and (c) 5:2 mol ratio of two compounds, (B) is time dependence of frequency changes of a quartz crystal resonator for Figure 3(A) respectively.

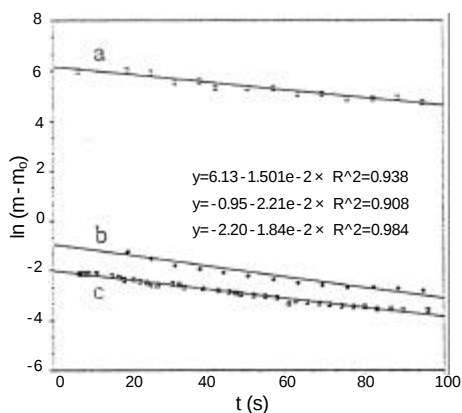


Figure 4. Plots for first order reactions time dependence of frequency changes of a quartz crystal resonator for the polymerization reaction kinetics of $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ (A), vba(B), and 1:1 mol ratio of two compounds(C).

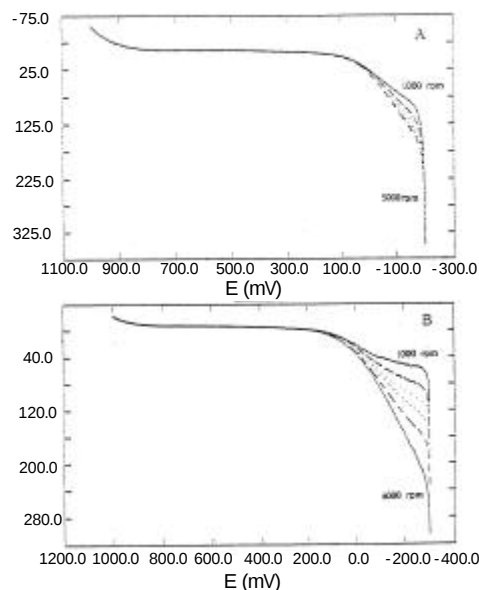


Figure 5. Rotating disk voltammograms of $\text{Pt/p-}[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}/\text{vba}$ (A) and $\text{Pt/p-}[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}/\text{vba-dopamine}$ (B) electrode in phosphate buffer (pH= 7.10).

m , $\log(m_0 - m)$

1 가 Figure

4 $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ (a)

$1.50 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$, vba (b)

$2.21 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}/\text{vba}$ 5 : 2 (c) $1.84 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

vba 가

vba

가 1.5

RDE . Figure 5(A) $\text{Pt/p-}[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}/\text{vba}$ 5 : 2 RDE

1000 5000 rpm

1000 rpm Figure 5(B)

Figure 5(A) dopamine

scheme 1 1000

6000 rpm . 1.0 V $\text{Ru}^{3+/2+}$ -0.3 0.3 V dopamine

Koutecky - Levich ²⁰ (1)

$1/i = 1/nFAc^*k_{\text{ch}}\Gamma + 1/0.620nFAD^{2/3}v^{1/6}c^*\omega^{1/2}$ (1)

가 Figure 6 i , n , F , A , c^* , $k_{\text{ch}}\Gamma$, D , v

ω , Faraday

$1/i$ $\omega^{1/2}$

$k_{\text{ch}}\Gamma$. Dopamine

1.07×10^5 $2.58 \times 10^5 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 2.41

QCA $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}/\text{vba}$ 5 : 2

QCA Pt

$1824 \pm 1 \text{ Hz}$ dopamine

$924 \pm 1 \text{ Hz}$ (2)

$8.41 \times 10^{-5} \text{ g cm}^{-2}$. Figure 1(B)

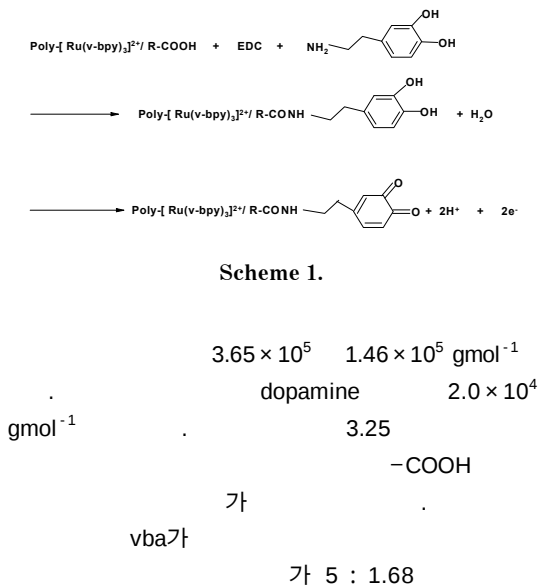
(surface coverage : Γ) $3.25 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mol cm}^{-2}$ ⁸ 5.11

$\times 10^5$ $1.26 \times 10^5 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$

가 5 : 2 5/7

poly $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ 2/7 poly-vba

Dopamine [Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺ Vinylbenzoic Acid



$$\Delta m = 9.10 \times 10^{-8} \text{ gHz}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \Delta F \quad (2)$$

EQCM . Figure 7(A) Pt/poly-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/
vba (pH=7.10) 0 1.30
V 20 mVs⁻¹ CV

-0.3 0.3 V 29.5±
0.5 Hz , dopamine 가
Figure 7(B) 51.2±0.5 Hz .

dopamine
quinone hydroquinone

pumping 가
dopamine Scheme 1

quinone qui-
noid 가 가

²¹ , 가 -COOH
dopamine , o-
가 가
가 가

ΔF 11.7 Hz
 $3.276 \times 10^3 \text{ gmol}^{-1}$ dopamine

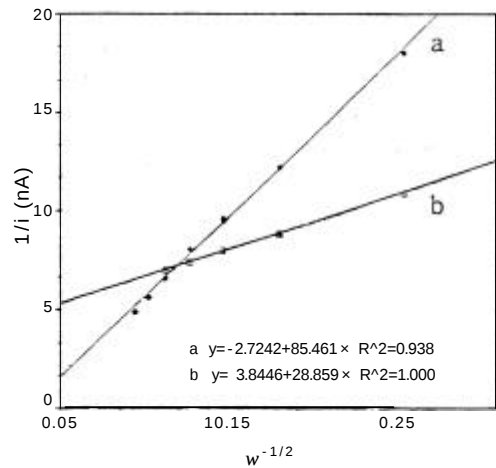


Figure 6. Koutechy-Levich plots of Pt/p-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba(A) and Pt/p-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba-dopamine(B) electrode.

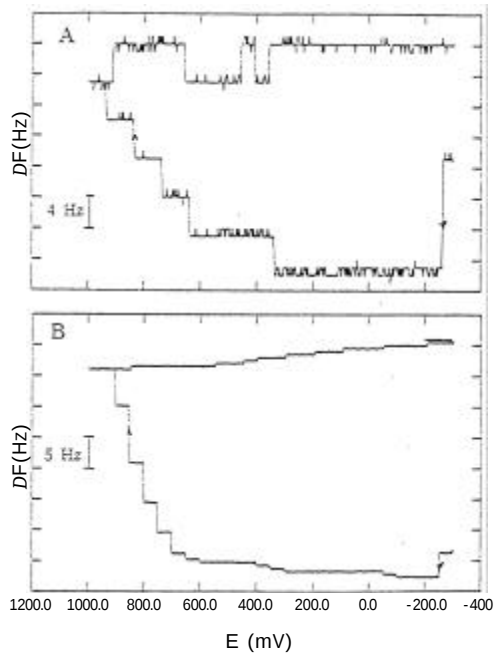


Figure 7. The time dependence of frequency changes of a quartz crystal resonator for Pt/p-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba(A) and Pt/p-[Ru(v-bpy)₃]²⁺/vba-dopamine(B) electrode in phosphate buffer (pH=7.10).

176±3 가

$[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ vba 가 5 : 2
 $1.84 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 5 : 1.68
 가
 GC/p- $[\text{Ru}(\text{v-bpy})_3]^{2+}$ /vba --- dopamine
 hydroquinone = quinone + 2H^+ + 2e^-
 (pH =
 7.10) 0.17 V ($k_{\text{ch}} \Gamma$)
 $2.58 \times 10^5 \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ 7.98 ×
 $10^{14} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ 2.41
 EQCM 가 11.7 Hz
 $3.28 \times 10^3 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ dopamine
 176 ± 3
 가 dopamine
 quinone + 2H^+ + 2e^-
 hydroquinone
 pumping
 가
 quinone quinoid
 가 가
 가 -COOH dopamine
 , o-
 가 -
 가 가

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