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 8. TEOS

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**Influence of Oxidation Inhibitor on Carbon-Carbon Composites :
 8. Studies on Thermal Decomposition Mechanism and Thermal Stability of
 Composites Impregnated with TEOS**

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: /
 tetraethylorthosilicate(TEOS) 가 kinetic parameter
 (TGA) . TEOS /
 kinetic parameter, (E_d), (n), (A)
 136 kJ/mol, 0, 2.3 × 10⁹ s⁻¹ , IPDT E_d
 / TEOS가 가 ,
 , SiO₂ 가
 TEOS 가 가
 가 .

ABSTRACT : In this work, thermal decomposition mechanism based on kinetic parameters and thermal stability of carbon fiber - reinforced carbon matrix composites(C/C composites), have been studied under high temperature oxidative conditions with addition of tetraethylorthosilicate(TEOS) as an oxidation inhibitor. Thermogravimetric analysis(TGA) was executed to evaluate the thermal decomposition mechanism and thermal stability of C/C composites in the temperature range of 30 850 . As a result, the kinetic parameters of the composites impregnated with TEOS, i.e., activation energy for thermal decomposition (E_d), order of reaction (n), and pre-exponential factor (A) were evaluated as 136 kJ/mol, 0, and 2.3 × 10⁹ s⁻¹, respectively. Especially, the IPDT and E_d of C/C composites impregnated with TEOS were improved largely compared with the composites impregnated without TEOS, due to the formation of SiO₂ on composite surfaces, resulting in interrupting the oxygen attack to carbon active site in the composites.

Keywords : *oxidation inhibitor, thermal decomposition mechanism, thermal stability, C/C composites, tetraethylorthosilicate (TEOS).*

Table 1. Properties of Resol-Type Phenol Resins Used

compositions	content(%)	chemical formula
phenol resins	70 80	-
phenol	5 10	C ₆ H ₅ OH
methyl alcohol	5 10	CH ₃ OH
ethylene glycol	3 7	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH

208.3, 0.936 g/mL, 가 0.3 μm

SiO₂

TEOS 0, 1, 2%

hot press

bagging

(550 : 2 /h, 550 1100 : 10 /h) 2

TEOS 가가 (DuPont, TGA - 2950) 850 TEOS 5, 10, 20 /min 가

(TS), (E_d) 가

Figure 1 TEOS 가 / TGA 300 500 TEOS

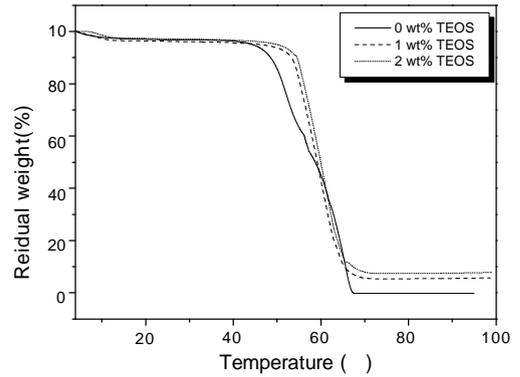


Figure 1. Typical thermogravimetric curves of C/C composites as a function of TEOS content (heating rate: 10 °C/min).

가 가 가 가 TEOS 가 TEOS 가 kinetic parameter TGA parameter (E_d), (n), (A) TGA (plural analytical method),²⁰ kinetic parameter

Figure 2

가 가 가 가

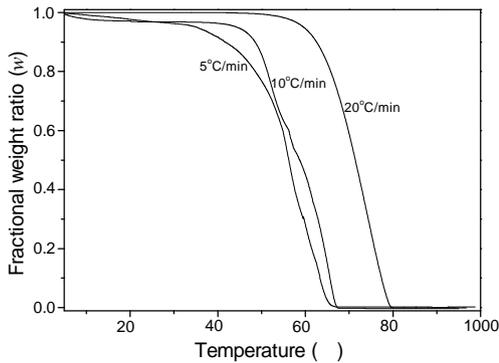


Figure 2. Thermogravimetric curves of C/C composite decomposition at different heating rates(5, 10, and 20 /min) in air(TEOS content : 1 wt%).

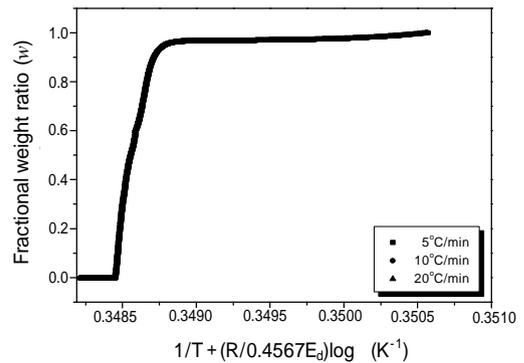


Figure 3. Superposition of the thermogravimetric curves of C/C composite decomposition at different heating rates(5, 10, and 20 /min).

parameter, E_d A

$$(1)$$

$$1/T = 1/T_2 + (R/bE_d)(\log_2 - \log_1) \quad (1)$$

, T Kelvin, R, b (2) Doyle

$$\log p(y) \cong -a - bE_d/RT \quad (2)$$

, $y = E_d/RT$

$$(2) \quad p(y) \quad y > 20, \quad a \quad b$$

2.315 0.4567

가 ²²
Figure 3 (1)

b

kinetic parame-

ter, E_d A 가

가 ²³
Figure 4 (1) (log)

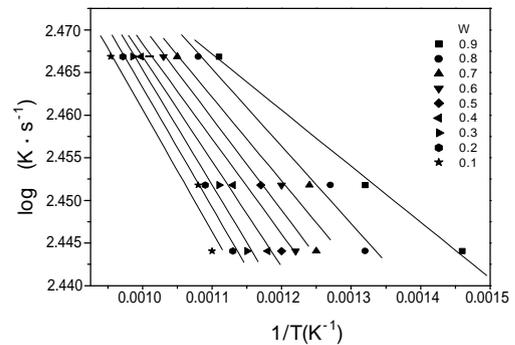


Figure 4. Plots of logarithms of the heating rates, log, vs 1/T for indicated fractional weight, w, of C/C composite decomposition.

/ (w) (1/T)

Table 1 . Table 2

E_d	138.6 kJ/mol	y
	400 600	24 36
a	b	y
a	b	2.1216 0.4627

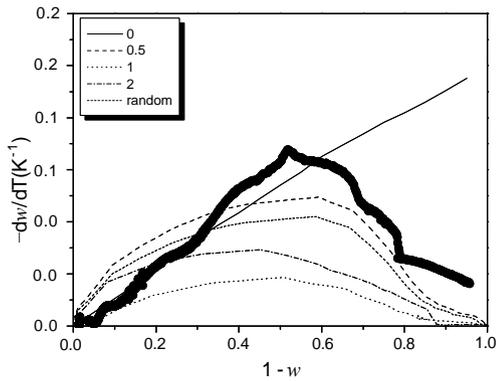


Figure 5. Plots of experimental $-dw/dT$ vs. $(1-w)$ at a heating rate of $10^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$, and $g(w)$ vs. $(1-w)$ for model reactions. The $g(w)$ vs. $(1-w)$ plots are superimposed on the experimental curves with a tentative value, $A_{dif} = 1.3 \times 10^{10}$. Experimental data (— dot); Model reactions: zero-order(1, dot line), 2nd-order(2, dash dot line), and random degradation(random, short dash line).

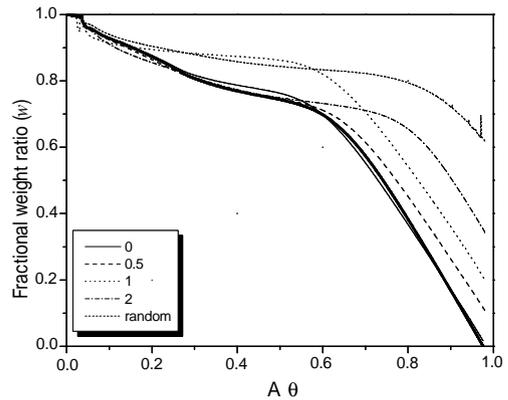


Figure 6. Plots of experimental $AE_d/Rp(y)$ ($=A$) vs w at a heating rate of $10^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$, and $-dw/g(w)$ vs. w plots are superimposed on the experimental curves with a tentative value, $A_2 = 2.1 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$. Experimental data(— solid line); Model reactions: zero-order(1, dot line), 2nd-order(2, dash dot line), and random degradation(random, short dash line).

0, 0.5, 1, 2, random degradation

(6)

$$-dw/g(w) = (AE_d/R) p(y) = A \quad (6)$$

$= E_d/Rp(y)$ (reduced time)

(6) TGA

w A 가 , Figure 6

, data plot random degradation

plot

, $A_{ini} = 2.1 \times 10^9$ 가 0

plot

A_{dif} A_{ini} Figure

5 $(1-w) = 0.4 \text{ } 0.8$

$-dw/dT$ 23,26

TEOS /

가 .

Figure 7 / 0

$(1-w)$ vs A

, $E_d = 136 \text{ kJ/mol}$, $\log p(y) = -2.1216 - 0.4627 (E_d/RT)$

A $2.3 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$ 가 ,

A_{ini}

가 27,28

Figure 7

A , $A \cong 2.0 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$ 가 $(1-w = 0.1 \text{ } 0.3)$

A , $A \cong 2.6 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$ 가

$(1-w = 0.4 \text{ } 0.8)$

Figure 7 A , Figure 6 w

Table 2

E_d

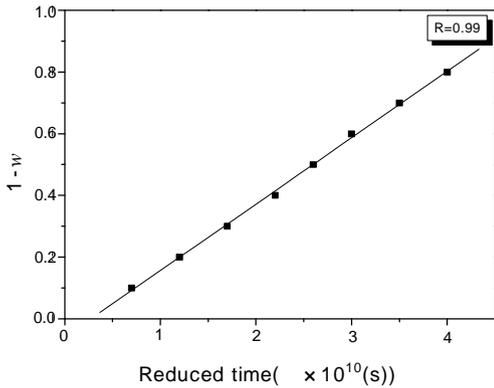


Figure 7. Plots of experimental $(1-w)$ vs. $E_d/ R\rho(y)$ ($=$) for zero-order reaction. Solid line indicates calculation by the least-square method.

random degradation

$$, E_{d,r} A_r \quad (7)$$

$$\log[-\log\{1 - (1-w)^{1/2}\}] = \log(A_r E_{d,r} / 2.3 R) - a - b(E_{d,r} / RT) \quad (7)$$

Figure 8 $\log[-\log\{1 - (1-w)^{1/2}\}]$ vs $1/T$ 가

, $E_{d,r} A_r$ 124 136 kJ/mol
 $0.09 - 1.13 \times 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$. TEOS
 , 가 가 가
 $E_{d,r} A_r$ 가

random degradation TEOS
 0

TEOS /
 TGA kinetic para-
 meter
 (E_d) (A) 136 kJ/mol,
 $2.3 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$
 가 0

TGA
 Choudhary 29

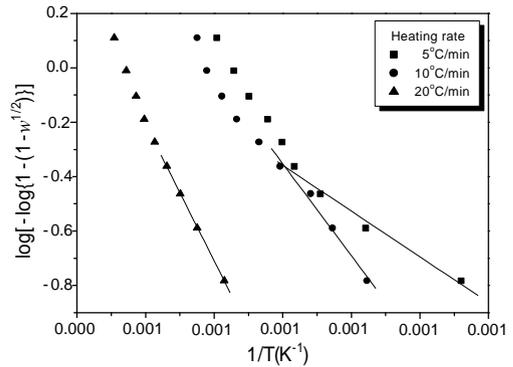


Figure 8. Plots of $\log[-\log\{1 - (1-w)^{1/2}\}]$ vs. $1/T$ for the thermogravimetric data at different heating rates. Solid lines indicate calculations by the least-square method for the data plots in the beginning ($1-w=0.1-0.3$).

(initial decomposition temperature, IDT)

(temperature of maximum rate of weight loss, T_s), (integral

procedural decomposition temperature, IPDT)

, IPDT
 Doyle¹⁶

Figure 9

(8)

$$IPDT() = A \cdot K \cdot (T_f - T_i) + T_i \quad (8)$$

, A
 , K , T_f
 (850) T_i (30)
 , K

S_1
 $S_1 + S_2$

Horowitz - Metzgerd¹⁷ TGA
 (9)

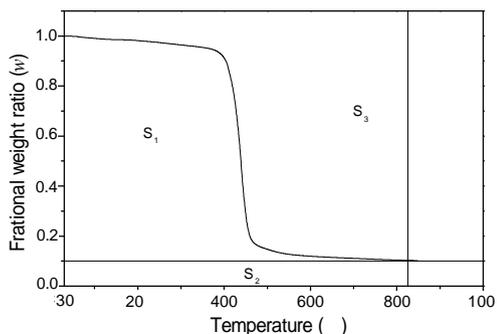


Figure 9. Schematic representation of S_1 , S_2 , and S_3 calculated for A and K .

$$\ln[\ln(1-a)^{-1}] = \frac{E_t q}{RT_s^2} \quad (9)$$

E_t ,
 $T = T_s, T_s \quad dw/dt$
 R
 TGA
 $IPDT$ (E_t) 가
 Table 3 TGA
 $IDT, T_s, IPDT, E_t$
 / TEOS가 가
 $IDT, T_s, IPDT$ 가 가
 $IPDT$
 E_t 122 136 kJ/mol
 E_d
 TEOS가 가 A K 가
 $IPDT$ 가 가 가
 TEOS 가 가
 TEOS 가 /
 TEOS가 가
 SiO_2 (silicon dioxide)
 w ,

Table 3. Thermal Stability Factors and Activation Energies of the C/C Composites as a Function of TEOS Content

TEOS (wt%)	IDT ()	T_s ()	A	K	$IPDT^a$ ()	E_t^b (kJ/mol)
0	390	530	0.55	1.00	564	102
1	400	580	0.58	1.03	618	122
2	420	610	0.61	1.14	775	136

aIPDT : Calculated by Dolye's equation, $IPDT() = A \cdot K \cdot (T_f - T_i) + T_i$ where, A is the total curve area normalized with respect to both residual weight and temperature, K the index of thermal stability, T_f the final experimental temperature (850), and T_i the initial experimental temperature (30).
 $A = (S_1 + S_2) / (S_1 + S_2 + S_3)$, $K = (S_1 + S_2) / S_1$.
 bE_t : Thermal decomposition activation energy calculated by the Horowitz - Metzger equation.

가 TEOS

$30-32$
 TEOS
 Ma-
 33
 nocha

1. Pyrolysis (> 750) : $Si(OC_2H_5)_4 \rightarrow SiO_2 + 4C_8H_4 + 2H_2O$
2. Oxidation, oxygen deficient (650 750) : $Si(OC_2H_5)_4 + 8O_2 \rightarrow SiO_2 + 8CO + 10H_2O$
3. Oxidation, oxygen rich (650 750) : $Si(OC_2H_5)_4 + 12O_2 \rightarrow SiO_2 + 8CO_2 + 10H_2O$

, TEOS가 /
 /
 가
 glassy
 가 SiO_2 가 /
 SiO_2
 TEOS 가 가
 가

TEOS가 가
가 가
TEOS
SiO₂
가
/ TEOS 가
가
1. TGA
/
가 0
(E_d) (A) 136
kJ/mol 2.3 × 10⁹ s⁻¹, Horowitz -
Metzger
(E_i)
2. 가 TEOS가
가 SiO₂
가
SiO₂가 /

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