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Preparation and Characterization of Polyurethane Microcapsules Containing Functional Oil

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: (citronella oil)
tolulene 2,4 - diisocyanate (TDI) ethylene glycol (EG) ,
 , , , , 가
 , , , , citronella
 220
 citronella
 . Citronella
 가 가 Citronella

ABSTRACT : Polyurethane microcapsules containing functional oil (citronella oil) were successfully prepared by conventional interfacial polymerization of tolulene 2,4 - diisocyanate (TDI) and ethylene glycol (EG) and charaterized by Fourier transform (FT - IR) spectroscopy, Ultraviolet spectroscopy, particle size analysis, thermogravimetric analysis (TGA), and scanning electron microscopy (SEM). The effects of polymerization variables, such as surfactant concentration and agitation speed, on the particle size and particle size distribution were investigated. FT - IR spectroscopic data showed that citronella oil was successfully encapsulated in the microcapsule. Thermogravimetric analysis data showed that the microcapsule was thermally stable up to 220 . The controlled release of the citronella oil present in the microcapsule core in a methanol medium was demonstrated by ultraviolet spectroscopy, showing that the amount of released citronella oil was increased with increasing time. It was observed that the amount of released citronella oil was increased with increasing stirring speed and emulsifier concentration in the microcapsule preparation step. Polyurethane microcapsules containing citronella oil showed excellent anti - moth property.

Keywords : polyurethane microcapsule, functional microcapsule, tolulene 2,4-diisocyanate, ethylene glycol, citronella oil.

^{20,21} in - situ ⁹ 가 emul -
 , , 가가 sion
 가
 가
 .²² in -
 situ mer prepoly -
 , ,
 , ,
¹⁻⁹
 1 - 2000 mm
 microencapsula -
 (core)
²³
 tion , , 가
 0.1 - 1 mm 가 ^{11,24,25}
^{10,11} 가 가 citronella
 가 Citronella Java - type citro -
 nella Ceylon - type citronella가 ,
 0.7%
^{12,13} d - (30
 40%), (35 45%), ,
^{14 - 16}
 (DDS: drug delivery system)
^{17,18} 가 가 citronella
¹⁹ polyurethane
 가 가
 가

Ethylene glycol (EG, 1), cyclohexanone (1) calcium hydride (Aldrich Chem. Co. Inc.) 가 24 , , toluene 2,4 - diisocyanate (TDI, Junsei Chem., Japan, 1) Gum Arabic, citronella (Prochimika Co. Italy, 99%) citronellal, citronellol, geraniol

Figure 1

Polyurethane Prepolymer TDI
7.2 mL cyclohexanone 100 mL
30 , EG 1.8 mL 가
80 2
prepolymer rotary
evaporator cyclohexanone
prepolymer 4 g citronella
4 mL, 100 mL
(, 1%, 2%, 3%) 가 가
homogenizer
800 rpm EG 3 mL 가
60 2 poly -
urethane
slurry aspirator
Figure 2 pre -
polymer
KBr pellet (Spectrum

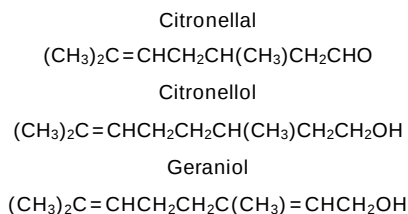


Figure 1. Chemical structures of citronella oil components.

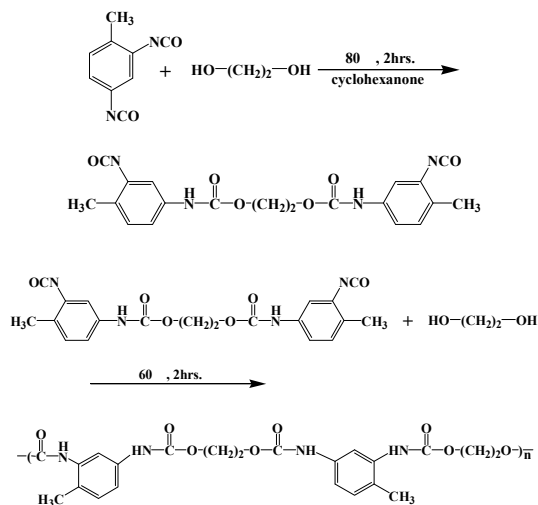


Figure 2. Preparation of NCO - terminated polyurethane prepolymer and its chain extension.

2000 FT - IR Spectrometer, Perkin Elmer, U.S.A)
polyurethane
KBr salt plate
(ELZONE 280PC, Particle Data, U.S.A)
(JSM 5410LV, Japan)

(DSC
910, TA Instrument Co.)
(70 mL/min) 10
(TGA 2950, TA Instrument Co.) 5.0 mg
20 500 가

UV/visible spectrometer citronella
($\lambda_{\text{max}} = 200 \text{ nm}$)

26 60 × 60 × 60 cm

30 25 ± 2 ,
 70 80%
 가
 2
 ()
 , 가 가
 (%) = / (1)
 (%) = (가 - 가) / 가 (2)

1725 cm^{-1}
 C=O cit -
 onella Figure 1 alcohol
 aldehyde . (b) Poly -
 urethane prepolymer 2950 cm^{-1}
 CH
 2270 cm^{-1}
 (NCO)
 3300 cm^{-1} NH
 1725 cm^{-1} C=O
 prepolymer

(c)
 citronella
 prepolymer
 2270 cm^{-1}
 가 3300 cm^{-1}
 NH 1725 cm^{-1} C=O
 prepolymer
 가

Figure 3 citronella
 (a), polyurethane prepolymer (b) 3 wt%
 9000 rpm
 (c)
 (a) Citronella 3400 cm^{-1}
 OH 2920
 cm^{-1} CH₃
 , 2750 cm^{-1} CH

citronella
 2920 cm^{-1} CH₃ 3400
 cm^{-1} OH 가

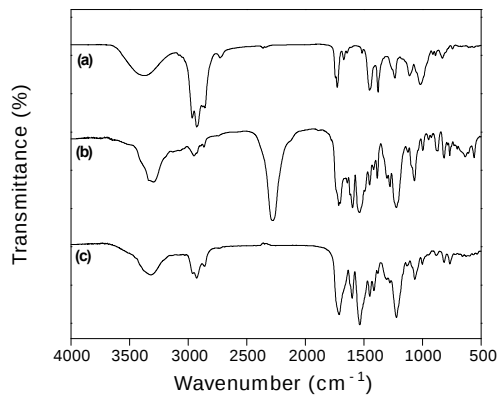
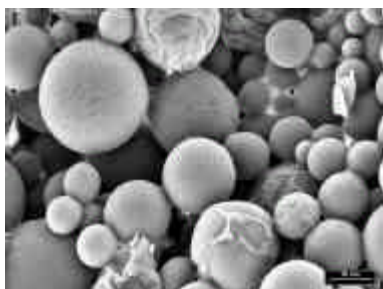
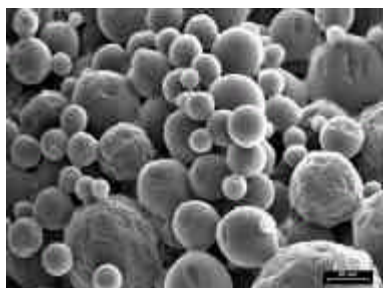


Figure 3. FT - IR spectra of (a) citronella oil, (b) polyurethane prepolymer, and (c) microcapsule.

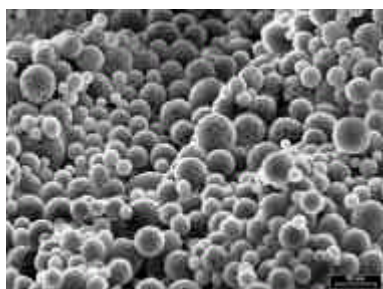
3% 1000, 5000, 9000
 rpm
 Figure 4
 Figure 4
 가 가
 가 가
 . 1000 rpm
 가



(a)



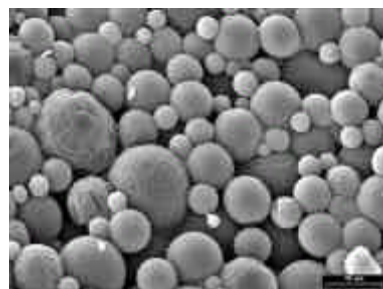
(b)



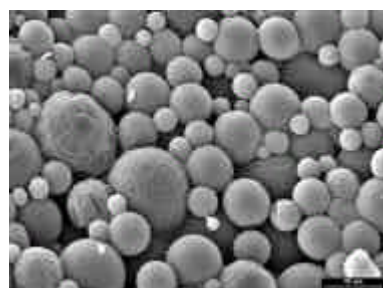
(c)

Figure 4. Scanning electron micrographs ($\times 1500$) of polyurethane microcapsules prepared at different agitation speed of (a) 1000 rpm, (b) 5000 rpm, and (c) 9000 rpm.

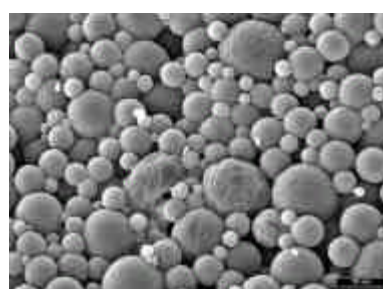
가



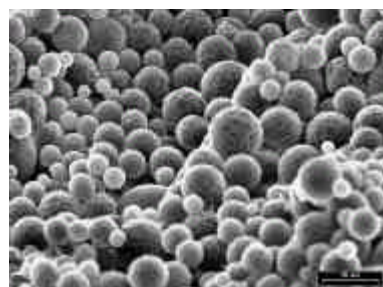
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

Figure 5. Scanning electron micrographs ($\times 2000$) of polyurethane microcapsules prepared at different emulsifier concentration (a) 0%, (b) 1%, (c) 2%, and (d) 3%.

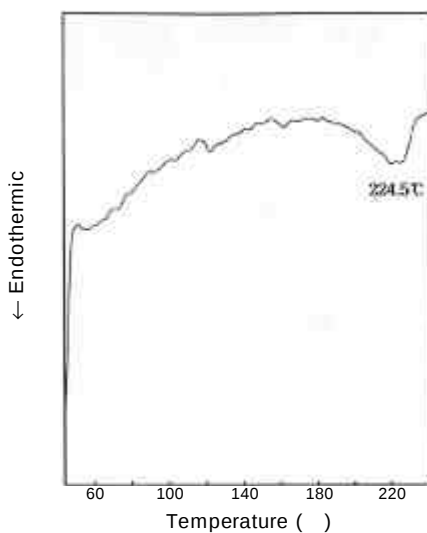
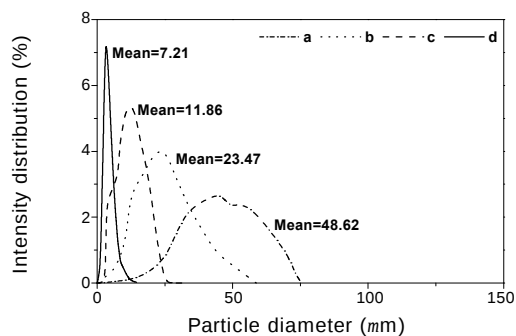


Figure 8. DSC thermogram of polyurethane microcapsule.

가 48.62 mm

0 - 75 mm

가 가

가

.

가

22

,

가 가

가

가

.

Figure 6

3% 가

1000 rpm
(26.30 mm)

(0 - 80 mm)

가

9000 rpm
(48.62 mm)가

(0 - 75 mm)

.

3%, 9000 rpm

[illegible]

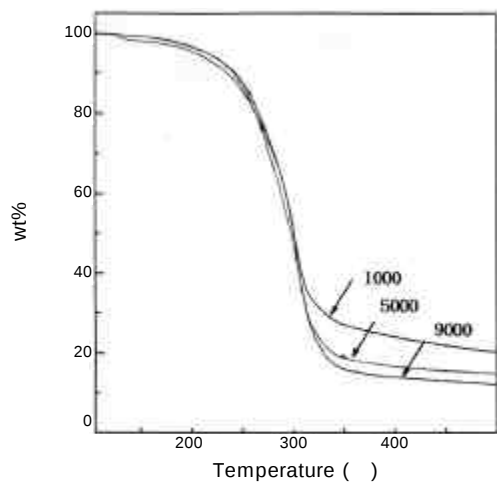


Figure 9. TGA thermograms of polyurethane microcapsules prepared at 1000, 5000, and 9000 rpm, respectively.

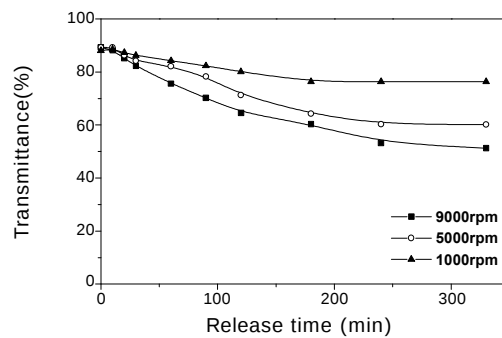


Figure 10. Release behavior of citronella oil through polyurethane microcapsules in methanol as a function of stirring speed.

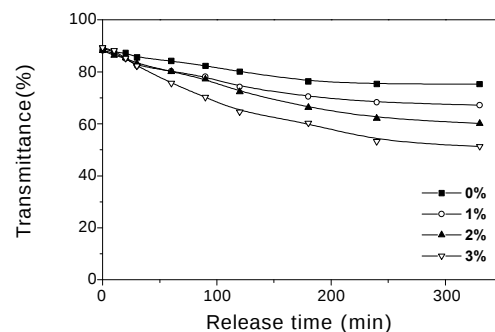


Figure 11. Release behavior of citronella oil through polyurethane microcapsules in methanol as a function of emulsifier concentration.

Figure 9

가 가 220
가 220
350
80% 가

가 가
가
27 가
가
가

Figure 10 Figure 11

citronella

citronella

(carbonyl $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$) 200 nm
Figure 10 1000, 5000,
9000 rpm
Figure 11 1, 2,
3%
가

citronella

가
가
Figure 10
Figure 11
가 가

27

prepolymer

28

가 가

가

가

가

가

3%,

9000 rpm
padding

Figure 12

가

4
((2))
Table I

가

,

citronella

가

Citronella

polyurethane
TDI EG

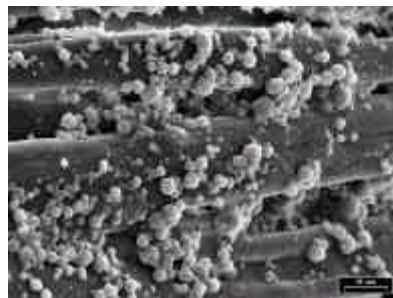


Figure 12. Scanning electron micrographs of cotton fabrics treated with polyurethane microcapsules (× 1500).

Table 1. Anti-moth Test of Cotton Fabric Treated with Microcapsules

sample	time(month)	rest umber	rest ratio(%)	avoidance ratio(%)
untreated	-	16	53.3	-
microcapsule treated	0	2	6.7	87.5
	1	3	10.0	81.3
	2	3	10.0	81.3
	3	5	16.7	68.8
	4	7	23.3	56.3

가

가

4

20%
citronella

polyurethane

가

가

Table 1

1. FT - IR
citronella polyurethane

2. 가 , 가
가

3.

4. 220

5.

가 citronella
가 가

6. Citronella
가

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